

Raw Materials Trends and Actions

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SUSTAINABLE GEALS DEVELOPMENT GEALS



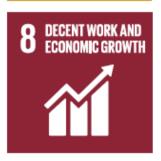
































Predictions

World Economic Forum (2015) Mining and Metals in a Sustainable World 2050:

- A strong move towards recycling and circularity
- Mining will not disappear
- The need for raw materials will not disappear
- Technology will matter more than ever
- Understanding value chains will be important





EIT RawMaterials

Vision:

To develop raw materials into a major strength for Europe

Mission:

To boost competitiveness, growth and attractiveness of the European raw materials sector via radical innovation and entrepreneurship.

Objectives:

- Securing raw materials supply
- Designing solutions
- Closing material loops























Our partners – our network – our knowledge triangle



Industry





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25% 50% 75%

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Connecting matters























SUPRIM – Sustainable Management of Primary Raw Materials through a better approach in Life Cycle Sustainability Assessment







75%







SUPRIM: Why this Project?

- LCA (Life Cycle Assessment) community developed pretty well:
 - Area of Protection 'Ecosystem Quality' (e.g. impact by acid rain)
 - Area of Protection 'Human Health' (e.g. impact by particulate matter)
- LCA community developed poorly:
 - Area of Protection 'Natural Resources':
 - Trying to quantify 'Resource Depletion'
 - Developments done disconnected from the Primary Raw Materials Sector/expertise
- LCA becomes now prominent in EU: PEF using ILCD ...
 - Threats for the raw materials of the poorly developed methods on 'resource depletion'
 - Hence threathening raw materials sector



























SUPRIM: Project objectives

- Develop a Life Cycle Impact Assessment (LCIA) method to address resource availability ('depletion') in sustainability assessment
- Develop a Life Cycle Inventory (LCI) dataset through case studies in collaboration with the industrial partners from the mining sector
- Bring the service to a broader audience E.g. the mining sector, policy makers, KIC partners, academic community and LCA community (Development of business model)

Agreement on the problem definition and development of an LCIA method



LCI dataset based on case studies and validation of the LCIA method



Bring the service to a broader audience







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25% 50% 75%

> 25% 50% 75%

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50% 75%

25%

25% 50%

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SUPRIM: Project partners

























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CERA - Certification

The need of CERA derives from the strengthened demand for sustainability and transparency in consumption in large parts of society (e.g. Dodd-Frank Act, EU Conflict Mineral Regulation).

The implementation of a raw material certification not only fulfils political requirements, but also generates an image boost for certified companies.







25

75% 25% 50%

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25

CERA - Certification

- A standardized certification ensuring environmental, social and economic sustainability in extraction, processing, trading and manufacturing.
- Guarantee traceability of certified materials by using a combination of traceability technologies including proof of origin methods throughout the entire value chain.
- A certification operating on the principle of the Chain of Custody certification.







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CERA – Key Elements and challenges

- To unify and simplify the certification process (develop an appropriate standardization system)
- Traceability of the extracted material along the entire value chain
- Trustworthiness of the certificate
- Avoid of geographic, social and company-size exclusion or imbalances
- Minimize number of certification schemes
- Guarantee environmental, social and economic standards in the entire value chain















CERA: Partners and Advisory Board

Partners









Current Advisory Board (will be expanded)











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Thank you for your attention







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